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VOCABULARY

Personality • un-, in-, im- ir-, dis-
• questions with like

SHOW WHAT YOU KNOW

1 Choose the correct adjectives.

- Gabby is very *unsociable* / *loud* / *stressed*. She stays at home and doesn't like going out with friends.
- Chris is *serious* / *boring* / *quiet*. He never has anything interesting to say because he spends all his time playing computer games.
- Meghan is always *interesting* / *funny* / *relaxed*. She never gets stressed about anything.
- Joe never laughs or has any fun. He's a very *serious* / *sociable* / *relaxed* young man.
- Marcus always makes me laugh. He's really *quiet* / *funny* / *loud*.

WORD STORE 1A | Personality

2 Anna is making a list called 'My Perfect Fiancé'. Complete her list with pairs of opposites from the box.

caring cheerful generous hard-working lazy
mean miserable outgoing selfish sensible
shy silly

My Perfect Fiancé is ...

✓ positive

✗ negative

^acaring

not ^bselfish

1 ^as

not ^b

2 ^ac

not ^b

3 ^ao

not ^b

4 ^ah

not ^b

5 ^ag

not ^b

3 Complete the conversation between Anna and Laura with the correct adjectives from the box. There are two extra words.

caring cheerful generous hard-working
mean miserable selfish shy silly

A few months later ...

L: So, how are things with Simon? Is he the perfect fiancé?

A: Well, nobody's perfect, but you know what? He's really great. First of all, he's really *cheerful*, you know, always happy and smiling. And he's very ¹_____. He wants to be a teacher and he does lots of studying in the evenings.

L: Does he have any time for you then?

A: Oh sure. He's a very ²_____ guy. He calls me every night and asks about my day.

L: Wow. Lucky you! Dave never asks about my day. He only thinks about himself. He's so ³_____. Dave also thinks he's the best fiancé in the world, but he never buys me anything nice and he doesn't like paying for us when we go out. He's really ⁴_____.

A: Poor you. Simon is exactly the opposite. He takes me to a restaurant sometimes and he pays for the food. And he often buys me flowers. He's very ⁵_____. I'm really happy, you know.

L: Well, good for you. Unfortunately, I'm not. I'm unhappy; really ⁶_____. I don't know what to do. Does Simon have a twin brother?



- 4 Add negative prefixes to adjectives a–g. Complete sentences 1–4 with some of the adjectives in their negative or positive form.

unpopular

- a sensitive
b honest
c polite
d responsible
e adventurous
f wise
g dependent

Try to be generous. Nobody likes mean people. They are nearly always unpopular.

- 1 Mum trusts my older brother Peter to look after our little sister. He's extremely . He never does anything dangerous or silly.
2 Katie never lies. She is a very a person. Katie's also b – she knows a lot of things.
3 David doesn't say 'please' or 'thank you'. He's a . He's extremely b too and likes doing everything without any help.
4 I was unhappy because I didn't pass my driving test. I told Tom and he laughed! Is he always so ?

REMEMBER THIS

You can use personality adjectives before a noun:

A caring friend

or after the verb be:

My friend is caring.

- 5 Read REMEMBER THIS. Put the words in the correct order.

has / very / parents / Pauline / serious

Pauline has very serious parents.

1 last / was / hairdresser / cheerful / Zoe's

2 two / I / dishonest / had / friends

3 new / Jamie's / loud / friend / extremely / is

REMEMBER BETTER

To help you learn the personality adjectives from this lesson, try to remember them with people you know: My dad is usually cheerful. He's not a miserable man.

Choose five pairs of opposite personality adjectives from this lesson. Write sentences about people you know. Use the model sentences.

My little sister is shy. She's not an outgoing girl.

- 1 Our History teacher is . He's/She's not a man/woman.
2 My best friend is . He/She is not a person.
3
4
5

- 6 Look at the dialogues. Correct the mistake in each question.



A: Do you looks like your parents? Do you look like your parents?

B: People say I look a little like my mum.

1 A: What flavour ice cream you like?

B: I love vanilla.

2 A: Are Gareth and Liu like dogs?

B: I think they like cats more.

3 A: What is your sister look like?

B: She's tall and has small brown eyes.

4 A: What does Tracy like?

B: She's caring and sensitive.

5 A: What does your English teacher look?

B: He's short and wears glasses.

SHOW WHAT YOU'VE LEARNT

- 7 Choose the correct answers A–C.

1 A person who is is outgoing and likes meeting other people.

A relaxed B funny C sociable

2 A person who is does not do silly things.

A sensible B selfish C sensitive

3 A person who is loves doing new and crazy things.

A independent B adventurous C irresponsible

4 A person who is is somebody who is not loud.

A sociable B silly C quiet

5 A person who is is somebody that not many people like.

A unwise B unpopular C outgoing

- 8 Complete the sentences with adjectives. The first letters are given.

Mike is generous. He gives half of his pocket money to the local charity.

1 Please don't be s . Share the chocolate with me.

2 My older sister doesn't talk to people she doesn't know well. She's extremely s !

3 Mia is very i and doesn't like asking for help or advice from anybody.

4 Amy is w . She knows the answer to every question I ask her.

5 Lucy is extremely u . She never wants to try new things. Fortunately, her younger sister is quite the opposite!

SHOW WHAT YOU KNOW

1 Complete the sentences with the correct present forms of the verbs in brackets.

- It's 11:00 and the bus hasn't arrived (not/arrive) yet. Oh! Wait ... there it is. I can see it now.
It _____ (come) round the corner.
- I ^a _____ (never/try) sushi.
I ^b _____ (not/like) fish.
- Sorry, Emily ^a _____ (not/be) here now. She ^b _____ (run) in the park. Can you call back later?
- Your dad ^a _____ (already/have) breakfast. He ^b _____ (walk) the dog. He'll be back in ten minutes.
- Leroy ^a _____ (read) a very good book at the moment. He always ^b _____ (buy) his books online.

2 ★ Complete the questions with the correct forms of do, be or have.

Why are you always so selfish?

- _____ Carl ever had long hair?
- What _____ an appropriate birthday present for my five-year-old nephew?
- _____ doctors need to be caring and sensitive people?
- Why _____ Kelly so miserable today?
- Which sports _____ Phil's sister like?
- How much _____ they pay for their children's dance lessons?

3 ★ ★ Complete the questions about the ^asubject and the ^bobject of each sentence.

- ^aEmma has eaten ^beggs.
a Who 's eaten eggs?
b What _____?
- ^aLawrence and Lucy are living in ^bLondon.
a Who _____?
b Where _____?
- ^aRay reads ^bbiography books.
a Who _____?
b What _____?
- ^aCharles has chosen ^bchips for lunch.
a Who _____?
b What _____?
- ^aHelen is helping ^bHarry.
a Who _____?
b Who _____?
- ^aFreddie feels ^bfantastic.
a Who _____?
b How _____?

4 ★ ★ Write questions for the underlined parts of the answers.

What is he playing?

He's playing chess.



- _____?
James is watching The Da Vinci Code.
- _____?
Sandra follows Natalie Portman on Twitter.
- _____?
Oscar has bought a new DVD.
- _____?
I have visited Edinburgh and London.
- _____?
Basketball is my brother's favourite sport.

5 ★ ★ ★ Complete the questions in the dialogues.

- S: Who loves writing?
P: My brother loves writing.
S: What ¹ _____?
P: He's writing a short story now.
S: Why ² _____?
P: He's writing it because he wants to win a competition at school.
S: Do ³ _____?
P: Yes, I like writing.
S: Have ⁴ _____?
P: No, I haven't written a story for the competition.
- P: What ⁵ _____?
S: I'm baking a cake.
P: Why ⁶ _____?
S: It's brown because it's a chocolate cake.
P: Have ⁷ _____?
S: No, I haven't baked a cake before.
P: Do ⁸ _____?
S: No, I don't want any help. Thank you.

SHOW WHAT YOU'VE LEARNT

6 Write questions for the underlined parts of the answers.

Who usually cleans the bathroom at the weekend?

Dad usually cleans the bathroom at the weekend.

- _____?
The girls are cooking mushroom soup.
- _____?
Dean has brought his new guitar.
- _____?
Michelle has forgotten to close the door.
- _____?
Nicola is doing her homework.
- _____?
Craig wants a motorbike.
- _____?
People are listening to the band.



LISTENING LANGUAGE PRACTICE

We know books

Word building • voluntary work
• -ive, -ative, -able, -ing

1 Choose the correct words to complete the interview with two volunteers, Karen and Martin.

Extract from Students' Book recording 1.9

- I: What sort of people volunteer?
K: ¹Fantastic / Fantasy people! No. Um, volunteers are ²care / caring people. Of course, a lot of people are [...], but volunteers are more likely to do something about it.
I: So why do you do this ³voluntary / volunteer work?
M: I am ⁴passionate / passion about the environment, and I'm interested in ⁵responsible / responsibility farming. I believe that organic farming is very important for the future. I also like working in a team. I learn important life skills and I'm more ⁶confidence / confident than before. Also, I want to study farming and agriculture, so this is good experience.
I: What about you, Karen?
K: Well, there are problems in my community and I want to help.

2 Complete the sentences with the correct words in capitals.

1 FANTASY / FANTASTIC

- a This book is _____. It's the best thing I've ever read.
b Marcus loves _____ books. He's read *The Lord of the Rings* four times!

2 CARE / CARING

- a I can pay for child _____ for my baby daughter now that I have a job.
b My sister is a very _____ person. When I'm feeling sad or ill, she's always really kind to me.

3 VOLUNTARY / VOLUNTEER

- a Janet has decided to become a _____ for a charity that helps children in Africa.
b I'm afraid we don't pay you. It's all _____ work.

4 PASSIONATE / PASSION

- a I have a real _____ for politics. I'm thinking of joining the Green Party.
b Arthur is very _____ about music. He's got over 600 CDs and often goes to concerts.

5 RESPONSIBLE / RESPONSIBILITY

- a It's not my _____ to clean your room. It is your room!
b Who is _____ for that noise? Please, be quiet.

6 CONFIDENT / CONFIDENCE

- a Morris isn't a very _____ child, so try to be very positive about his homework.
b People that have too much _____ can be difficult to work with.

REMEMBER THIS

We often form adjectives with suffixes:
care + **-ing** = *caring*, *passion* + **-ate** = *passionate*.

3 Read REMEMBER THIS. Choose the correct adjectives. Use a dictionary if necessary.

Many people find Steve Jobs' life and work ¹inspire / inspiring / inspiration. His ideas to change the world were ²admirable / admire / admiring.

VOCABULARY PRACTICE | Voluntary work

4 Look at the vocabulary in lesson 1.3 in the Students' Book. Complete the sentences with the correct word or phrase from the box.

developing country farm hospital library
nursery old people's home prison soup kitchen

I've decided I want to work in a(n) library because I love books so much.

- 1 Tim's mother is a volunteer in a local _____. She doesn't get paid, but she likes helping the homeless people who eat there.
2 Ella's grandfather lives in a(n) _____ because he's 87 years old and can't do everyday things like cooking and washing by himself.
3 I'm learning to be a doctor and part of my course is in a real _____ where I can watch people with experience.
4 Have you ever been in a(n) _____? Yes, I have. I visited Alcatraz when I was in San Francisco in the States.
5 James and Amanda met when they were at a(n) _____ and then they went to the same school. They're both 17 and best friends now.
6 Helen grew up on a large _____ where her family had lots of sheep and cows.
7 In a(n) _____, many people are poor and do not have enough food or water.

WORD STORE 1D | -ive, -ative, -able, -ing

5 Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the words from the box.

act adapt communicate
imagine inspire protect

I've decided I need to be more active, so I'm going to join the school basketball team.

- 1 Mario is very _____ – you can ask him to do anything and he always does it well.
2 Michal is _____, so why don't we ask him to create the new charity event?
3 Lucy isn't very _____, so it's not easy to get her to share her opinions.
4 Parents shouldn't be too _____ of teenagers. Young people need to become independent.
5 This biography of Nelson Mandela is extremely _____. You should read it!

1 Read the text quickly and choose the best title.

- 1 Where you sit is how you feel
- 2 Where you sit is where you are
- 3 Where you sit is how you fit

☐
☐
☐

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Today's hot article

¹ ___ For more than 70 years, psychologists and teachers have studied the link between the place where students choose to sit in class and what they are like as people and learners. Where do you usually decide to sit? Have you ever really thought about the reasons for your decision?

I At the back

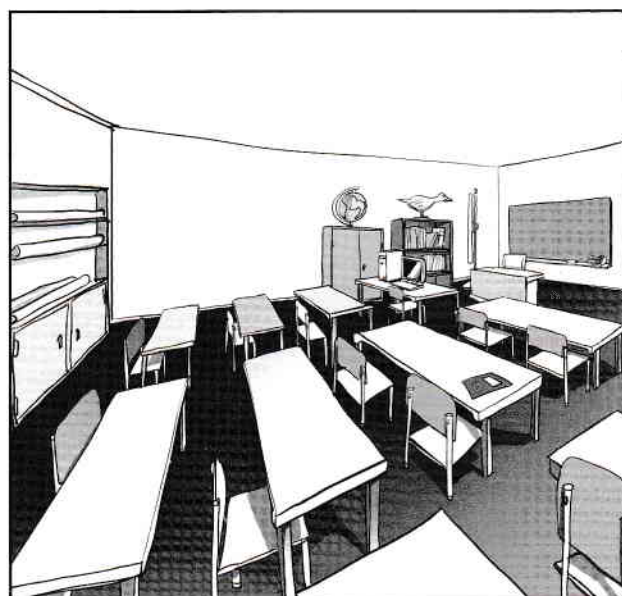
People often think that students who sit at the back are lazy. But is this really true? Well, some researchers say it is not. In fact, shy students often choose the back row because it is far away from the teacher and they don't want to answer questions or be involved* in discussions. At the back, students probably won't speak much, but in big classrooms, it can be hard to see the whiteboard and hear what the teacher is saying. ² ___. For students with poor sight or hearing, a seat at the back of the classroom is definitely not a good choice.

II On one side

Students who sit on one side of the class, are normally interested in lessons, but they like watching and listening rather than joining in. These students are usually also very good at taking notes. ³ ___. On the sides of the classroom, you will generally find modest* and thoughtful people. These people usually get good marks at school and are keen* on learning.

III In the middle

Do you sit in the middle of the classroom? Yes? Then the statistics say you probably like your teacher. ⁴ ___ Caring, outgoing and cheerful people usually sit in the middle. They are normally serious about learning and feel disappointed* with low marks in tests and exams.



IV At the front

Are you passionate about knowledge? Do you like being in control? Are you worried about missing important information in lessons? Yes? Then you probably sit right at the front of the class. Students at the front usually want to discuss things with the teacher and are often very enthusiastic about school. They want to be in the best place to see and hear everything the teacher does and says. The only problem with sitting at the front is that it can be difficult to see and hear what other students do and say in class. ⁵ ___

We need YOUR opinion. Tell us what you think of this article. Add your comments below.

GLOSSARY

involved (adj) – someone who is involved in an activity or event gives it a lot of time, attention
modest (adj) – someone who is modest doesn't like talking about their abilities, skills, success, talents, etc.

keen (adj) – someone who is keen on something is very interested in it or enjoys doing it very much
disappointed (adj) – unhappy because something you hoped for did not happen, or because someone or something was not as good as you expected

2 Read the text. Match sentences A–F with gaps 1–5. There is one extra sentence.

- A You probably also have a good relationship with your classmates.
 B This could be the reason why students who sit here often get lower marks in tests and exams.
 C So, if you really want to hear what everyone says in class, choose a different place to sit.
 D Research suggests that the chair you choose in the classroom says a lot about you and your personality.
 E This means it's a good idea to sit in a different place every day.
 F Next time you miss a lesson, borrow notes from someone who sits here.

3 Read the text again. Match questions 1–6 with the correct part of the text I–IV.

In which part of the text do you learn ...

- 1 where in the classroom you can find students who prefer thinking about what they see and hear during the lesson to discussing things? ☐
- 2 why those who would rather not respond to questions usually look for a place far from the whiteboard? ☐
- 3 where to find students who are positive about the person they learn mostly from? ☐
- 4 where in the classroom you should look for someone who has detailed written information on what the lesson was about? ☐
- 5 where in the classroom it could be hard to hear what the classmates say during the lesson? ☐
- 6 where you can find students who don't always have good results when the teacher checks what they learnt in the lessons? ☐

4 Complete the table with underlined nouns and verbs from the text.

Verb	Noun
<u>choose</u>	choice
1 know	_____
2 _____	discussion
3 see	_____
4 hear	_____
5 decide	_____

5 Complete the sentences with words from Exercise 4. Change the form of the verbs if necessary.

Sorry? What did you say? Could you repeat that please? My hearing is terrible these days.

- 1 When Ollie takes Helen out for dinner, she always _____ the most expensive thing on the menu.
- 2 Stevie Wonder, the famous soul singer, is blind. He lost his _____ when he was a baby.
- 3 Peter is very wise. He really _____ a lot of things.
- 4 Today in class we had an interesting _____ about politics.
- 5 We can't _____ if we like Kevin's new haircut or not. It is certainly very ... different.

REMEMBER BETTER

When you learn a new word, e.g. a verb, look in a dictionary and see if you can also learn another form of the word, e.g. a noun or an adjective. They often look similar and because of that are easy to remember, e.g. *feel* – *feelings*.

A Check the noun forms of the adjectives in a dictionary.

- popular = popularity
 1 polite = _____
 2 sensitive = _____
 3 honest = _____
 4 lazy = _____

B Complete the sentences with words from Exercise A. The first three letters are given.

Everyone likes Mrs Jackson. She's a very popular teacher.

- 1 Pol_____ is very important when you meet new people.
- 2 Be careful what you say to Rachel. She's very sen_____ about her appearance.
- 3 What makes a good friend? Well, hon_____ is very important.
- 4 I think laz_____ is a very bad thing. Everybody should work hard.

WORD STORE 1D | Verb + preposition

6 Choose the correct prepositions.



- 1 Lazy people do not believe in / on / about working hard.
- 2 I'm trying to focus at / with / on my homework. Please be quiet.
- 3 It's a good idea not to worry on / about / in your exam. Study hard and you will be fine.
- 4 How do you deal in / at / with your work and study at the same time?
- 5 Janice doesn't like to depend on / from / with anybody. She's very independent.
- 6 I prefer to connect on / at / with friends by meeting them, not through social media.
- 7 Pauline listens at / on / to music on her way to school every morning.
- 8 Oliver really cares on / about / with his friends. He's always kind and generous to them.
- 9 Are you still thinking at / on / about the dress in the shop window?